## P. P. SAVANI UNIVERSITY

First Semester of B.Sc. Examination Feb-2022

## SSMB1010- Introduction to Microbiology-I

09. 02.2022, Wednesday Time: 12:00 p.m. to 02:30 p.m.

Maximum Marks: 60

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- 1. The question paper comprises of two sections.
- 2. Section I and II must be attempted in separate answer sheets.
- 3. Make suitable assumptions and draw neat figures wherever required.
- 4. Use of scientific calculator is allowed.

## Section-I (Total Marks - 30)

- Q.1 Short Questions [10]
  1.1 Objectives [05]
  1.1a A facultative anaerobic is
  - A Only grow anaerobically
  - B Only grow in the presence of O<sub>2</sub>
  - C Ordinarily an anaerobe but can grow with O<sub>2</sub>
  - D Ordinarily an aerobe but can grow in absence of O<sub>2</sub>
- 1.1b Compound microscope was discovered by
  - A Antony von
  - B Pasteur
  - C Johnsen & Hans
  - D None of these
- 1.1c Bacteria that are responsible for fermentation of dairy milk are
  - A Azetobacter
  - B Rhizobium
  - C Lactobacillus
  - D Hay bacillus
- 1.1d Rod shaped bacteria are known as
  - A Cocci
  - B Comma forms
  - C Bacilli
  - D Plemorphic froms
- **1.1e** The differences between Gram positive and Gram negative bacteria is shown to reside in the
  - A Cell wall
  - B Nucleus
  - C Cell membrane
  - **D** Mesosomes
- 1.1f Bacterial locomotion is accomplished by
  - A Fimbria
  - B Flagella
  - C Cytoskeleton
  - D Both a and b

1.1g	Gram negative bacteria appear as					
	A Pink					
	B Violet					
	C both a & b					
	D None of these					
1.1h	The study of algae is known as					
	A Phycology .					
	B Bacteriology					
	C Mycology.					
	D Immunology					
1.1i	One flagelium at one end of the organ is called –					
	A Monotrichate	/				
	B Amphitrichate					
	C Iophotrichate					
	D Peritrichate					
1.1j	Who demostrated that open tube of broth remained free of bacteria when air was					
	free of dust?					
	A John Tyndal					
	B Paster					
	C Francis Reddi					
	D Edward Jennar					
1.2	Answer the Following: (MCQ/Short Question/Fill in the Blanks)	[05]				
1.2a	Define: Antibiotics					
1.2b	Who discovered Penicillin antibiotic?					
1.2c	Asexual reproduction in bacteria by a separation of the body into two new					
	bodies is known as					
1.2d						
1.2e	are organisms that obtain energy by the oxidation of electron donors in					
	their environments.(Chemotrophs/Autotrophs)					
Q.2	Short Notes (Attempt any two)	[06]				
A	Discuss different groups of microorganisms.					
В	Discuss Spontaneous generation theory					
C	Give general characters of Bacteria.					
		F4 43				
Q.3	Explain in detail (Attempt any two)	[14]				
A	Give general characters of Archaebacteria					
В	Classify the bacteria on the basis of shape, spore formation, salt and pH requirement					
C	Describe the scope of microbiology in agricultural and Industrial field.					

		Section-II (Total Marks - 30)					
Q.1	Sho	ort Questions					
1.1	Obj	Objectives					
1.1a	All	fungi are					
	A	Heterotrophs and Saprophytes					
	В	Autotrophs and parasites					
	C	Parasites and saprophytes					
	D	None of above					
1.1b	Wh	at is a storage product of most algae?					
	A	Cellulose					
	В	Glycogen					
		Starch and oil					
	D	Fat					
1.1c		atoxin is produced by					
	A	Fungi					
	В	Virus					
	C	Bacteria					
	D	None of above					
111	۸						
1.1d	A	ar is part of the cell wall of Chlorophy.ta					
	B	Rhodophyta					
	C	Both of above					
	-	None of above					
	D	, Notice of above					
1.1e	Fur	ngi can be stained by					
	A	Gram's iodine					
	В	Lactophenol					
	C	Safranine					
	D	Cotton blue					
1.1f	Red	d colour of red algae is due to					
	A	Phycocyanin					
	В	Xanthophyll					
	C	Prodigiosin					
	D	Phycoerythin					
1.1g	Spores produced from a vegetative mother cell by budding are called						
	A	Conidiospores					
	В	Blastospores					
	C	Sporangiospores					
	D	Chlamydospore					

[10] [05]

1.1h	Fleming discovered Penicillin from	
	A Penicillium notatum	
	B P. roqueforti	
	C P. camemberti	
	D P. chrysogenum	
1.1i	Vegetative body of algae is known as	
	A Thallus	
	B Mycellium	
	C Hyphae	
	D All of above	
1.1j	The cell wall of yeast is composed of	
	A Chitin	
	B Peptidoglycan	
	C Cellulose	/
	D None of above	
1.2	Answer the Following: (MCQ/Short Question/Fill in the Blanks)	[05]
1.2a		
1.2b		
120	mother cell and after fusion they form zygote.	
1.2c		
		A
1.2e	rhizoids is known as	
	Allowed the first of the formation of the state of the st	
Q.2	Short Notes (Attempt any two)	[06]
A	Write about the Industrial applications of fungi	
В	Define hyphae. Explain different types of hyphae present in fungi.	
C	Classification of Algae.	
Q.3	Explain in detail (Attempt any two)	[14]
A	Give Detail on Reproduction in fungi.	
В	Explain asexual reproduction in algae.	
C	Economic importance of algae.	